## The Giving Grove Fruit Management Calendar



January	<ul> <li>Complete a soil test, recommended every 3 years</li> <li>Sign up for annual membership, or update your apprentice team information</li> <li>Clean tools, sharpen tools, prepare for the season</li> <li>Fertilize trees with slow release organic fertilizer (January until March)</li> <li>Water trees if the month is dry and warm</li> </ul>
February	<ul> <li>Prune apples and pears: prune for structure, air flow, remove dead or diseased wood</li> <li>Spray dormant oil on fruit trees</li> <li>Mow down or prune raspberry patch just above the crown</li> <li>Attend Giving Grove workshops</li> <li>Prune peaches end of February (or after risk of hard freezes)</li> </ul>
March	<ul> <li>Expand mulch rings on trees</li> <li>Plant new trees and berries</li> <li>Tip / prune blackberry laterals to 15" and remove all dead canes</li> <li>Start spraying organic Holistic Spray regimen from bud swell to the week after petal fall (Do not spray while blossoms are open)</li> <li>Remove tree wraps at the end of the month</li> </ul>
April	<ul> <li>Continue holistic sprays</li> <li>Watch for signs of insect and disease issue</li> <li>Pinch off fruits/flowers on all newly planted trees under 2 years old to encourage root and shoot growth</li> <li>Begin weekly watering regime if it does not rain</li> </ul>
Мау	<ul> <li>On 3+ year old trees, thin fruits leaving 6-8" between fruits on peaches, 4-6" for apples and pears. Do not allow them to touch!</li> <li>Begin strawberry harvest</li> <li>Apply Bt, Spinosad, or Holistic Spray to protect from Oriental Fruit Moth and Coddling Moth</li> <li>Protect peach tree trunks from borers: spray neem, wrap with window screen and plant chives or garlic near the base of the tree</li> </ul>
June	<ul> <li>Harvest serviceberries, cherries and early peaches like Harrow Diamond</li> <li>Begin harvest of Natchez blackberries</li> <li>Watch for and spray Spotted Wing Drosophila in berries and soft fruits</li> <li>Remove brown rot in stone fruits, spray Sulfur as necessary</li> <li>Watch for fire-blight on apples, pears and Asian pears; prune out any infection 6" below cankered bark</li> <li>Protect fruits from Japanese Beetles using row cover or spray with Kaolin Clay and Neem (use a large volume trap for large turf areas)</li> <li>Train young trees with limb spreaders</li> </ul>

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July	<ul> <li>Rejuvenate June-bearing strawberries (late June/early July)</li> <li>Continue harvesting blackberries</li> <li>Freeze, can, and dehydrate peaches</li> <li>Harvest early season apples like Pristine, and pears like Harrow Diamond and Shinsui</li> <li>Start tipping new blackberry canes and tie to the trellis line July through September</li> <li>Remove blackberry canes that are done fruiting</li> <li>Harvest second round of ever-bearing strawberries</li> <li>Water weekly throughout the growing season if it does not rain at least 1 inch</li> </ul>
August	<ul> <li>Prune water-sprouts and root-suckers on apples and pears, also prune to stunt tree growth if desired, including topping tree height</li> <li>Harvest Asian pears: Kosui, Chojuro, Yoinashi; European pears: Sunrise, Blake's Pride, Potomac</li> <li>Harvest European pears 1-2 weeks early because they do not ripen on the tree</li> <li>Begin harvesting primocane (Caroline, Heritage) raspberries until hard freeze</li> </ul>
September	<ul> <li>Harvest early Figs if we have had a hot summer</li> <li>Harvest Apples: Liberty, Jonafree, Enterprise</li> <li>Harvest Pears, Asian Pears: Warren, Shinko, Korean Giant</li> <li>Harvest Jujubes and Pawpaws</li> <li>Watch for borer damage on peach and cherry and other stone fruit trunks, dig out borers and spray area with Neem</li> <li>Apply Milky Spore or Predator Nematodes for Japanese Beetles</li> </ul>
October	<ul> <li>Harvest Apples: Sundance</li> <li>Harvest Pears: Harrow Sweet, Kieffer</li> <li>Dehydrate apple slices, make cider and pies</li> </ul>
November	<ul> <li>Wrap new trees with tree wrap to prevent rabbits and other rodents from chewing bark</li> <li>Cage blueberries to keep rabbits away</li> <li>Mow around trees to chop leaves and remove pest habitat</li> <li>Use fall Holistic Spray to help decompose leaves, and kill over-wintering fruit pests</li> <li>Aerate soil and add ½-1" compost around tree drip-line</li> <li>Spray fungicide to treat peaches for leaf curl</li> </ul>
December	<ul> <li>Mulch over strawberry plants with 2-3" of straw (after hard freeze)</li> <li>Mulch trees with 2-3" of wood chips in 18" radius around tree</li> <li>Cage and insulate figs with 2-4' of leaves before temperatures get below 15<sup>o</sup></li> <li>Read Michael Phillips, Lee Reich and other fruit tree authors</li> <li>Expand mulch rings on trees</li> <li>Water if dry and temperatures are staying above freezing</li> </ul>